

Math 1203 Integrals Worksheet 1

Name(s): _____

Instructions: Calculators allowed. Save your scrap. Write your fully simplified answers in the space provided.

1. Compute the following integrals:

(a) $\int (\sqrt{x} + 1)^2 dx =$ _____ (b) $\int x^2 e^{x^3+1} dx =$ _____

(c) $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx =$ _____ (d) $\int x \cdot 3^{x^2} dx =$ _____

(e) $\int (2x + 1)(x^2 + 1)^2 dx =$ _____ (f) $\int_0^2 x^3 + 1 dx =$ _____

(g) $\int \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2} dx =$ _____ (h) $\int_0^2 \pi dx =$ _____

(i) $\int \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^3} dx =$ _____ (j) $\int \frac{2^x}{1 + 2^x} dx =$ _____

2. Let $f(x) = 9 - x^2$.

(a) Use a finite Riemann sum with 4 subintervals and righthand endpoints to approximate the area under $f(x)$ on $[-1,3]$.

$A \approx R_4 =$ _____

(b) Find the exact area under $f(x)$ on the interval $[-1,3]$. Was your approximation an overestimate or underestimate?

$A =$ _____, the approximation was an _____.

(c) An object has velocity function $f(t)$. What is the distance traveled between $t = 0$ to $t = 3$? _____

3. Find the area bounded by the functions $y = x^2$ and $y = \sqrt{x}$. $A =$ _____

4. Write down a formula, involving integrals, to compute the area bounded between $y = x^3 - x$ and the x -axis.

$A =$ _____